

County of San Diego

STORMWATER INTAKE FORM FOR DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

This form must be completed in its entirety and accompany applications for any of the discretionary or ministerial permits and approvals referenced in Sections 67.803(c)(1) and 67.803(c)(2) of the County of San Diego Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO).

STEP 1: IDENTIFY RELEVANT PROJECT INFORMATION	
Applicant Name:	Contact Information: VINCE AMAYA (949) 622-0333
Project Address: 2329 AQUA HILL APN(s): PP., FAHBROOK, CA 92/28 123-110-12-00	Permit Application #: P08-624
STEP 2: DETERMINE PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT STATUS	
WPO Section 67.802(w) defines the criteria for determining whether your project is considered a you answer "Yes" to any of the questions below, your project is a PDP subject to review Management Plan (SWMP). If you answer "No" to all of the questions below, your project is sub SWMP.	and approval of a Major Stormwater
1. Residential subdivision of 10 or more dwelling units (Single-family, Multi-family, Condo, or Apar	tment Complex) Yes (No)
2. Commercial development that includes development of land area greater than one (1) acre	Yes 😿
3. Industrial development greater than one (1) acre	Yes (No)
4. Automotive repair shop	Yes 🐠
5. Restaurant or restaurant facilities with an area of development of 5,000 square feet or greater	Yes (No)
6. On a steep hillside (>25% natural slope) <u>AND</u> proposes 5,000 square feet of impervious surface grading of any natural slope >25% (1)	
7. Located within 200 feet of an Environmentally Sensitive Area <u>AND</u> creates 2,500 square feet or surface or increases the area of imperviousness of a site to more than 10% of its naturally occurring	
8. A parking lot that is 5,000 square feet or greater OR proposes at least 15 new parking stalls	Yes (No)
9. Streets or roads that create a new paved surface that is 5,000 square feet or greater	Yes (No)
10. Retail gasoline outlet	Yes (vo)
(1) In lieu of a Major SWMP, Ministerial Permit Applications for residential dwellings/additions on an existing legal lot a Stormwater Management Plan upon approval of a county official. Please note that upon further analysis, staff may determine the Canalysis of the Canalysis	rmine that a Major SWMP will be required.
If you answered "Yes" to any of the questions, please complete a Major Instructions and an example of the form can be downloaded from http://www.co.san-diego.ca.us/	
If you answered "NO" to all of the questions above, please complete a Minor Instructions and an example of the form can be downloaded from http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dp	
STEP 3: SIGN AND DATE THE CERTIFICATION	
APPLICANT CERTIFICATION: I have read and understand that the County of San Diego has for managing urban runoff, including stormwater, from construction and land development activities has been completed to the best of my ability and accurately reflects the project being propose compliance with the County's WPO and Grading Ordinance may result in enforcement by the Codesist orders, or other actions.	es. I certify that this intake form d. I also understand that non-
Applicant : Date:	•
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County of San Diego

MINOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Minor Stormwater Management Plan (Minor SWMP) must be completed in its entirety and accompany applications to the County for a permit or approval associated with certain types of development projects. To determine whether your project is required to submit a Minor or Major SWMP please reference the County's Stormwater Intake Form for Development Projects. Minor SWMPs are typically required for building and minor grading permit applications and certain discretionary permit applications (See note #1 on page 7).

Project Description: WMANNED WIFELES Project address or location: 2329 A2VA HILL RV., FOJECT Contact & Phone #: (4149) G22-03333 Square Foot of Improvements: Square Foot of Improvements: Estimated project start date: Estimated project start date: Estimated project finish date: Total Project Site Area (Acres or ft²) Estimated amount of disturbed acreage: 370 (Acres or ft²) WDID: Complete A through C and the calculations below to determine the amount of impervious surface on your project before and after construction. A. Total size of construction site: (Acres or ft²) B. Total impervious area (including roof tops) before construction Calculate percent impervious after construction: B/A = Calculate percent impervious after construction: C/A = 15 %	STEP 1. IDENTIFY RELEVANT PROJECT INFORMAT	ION				
Project Contact & Phone #: (949) 622-0333 Square Foot of Improvements: Estimated project start date: Estimated project finish date: TBD Total Project Site Area	Permit Application Number: P08-024	APN#: 123_110-12-00				
Square Foot of Improvements: Estimated project start date: Estimated project finish date: Total Project Site Area	Project Description: WMANNED WIFELEX, FAULITY.					
Total Project Site Area		Project Contact & Phone #: (949) 622 - 0333				
Estimated amount of disturbed acreage: 370 (Acres or (ft²)) (If >1 acre, you must also provide a WDID number from the SWRCB) WDID:						
(If >1 acre, you must also provide a WDID number from the SWRCB) WDID: Complete A through C and the calculations below to determine the amount of impervious surface on your project before and after construction. A. Total size of construction site: (Acres or ft²) B. Total impervious area (including roof tops) before construction 27 05 (Acres of ft²) C. Total impervious area (including roof tops) after construction 37 05 (Acres of ft²) Calculate percent impervious before construction: B/A = 65 %	Total Project Site Area 5 (Acres or ft²)					
A. Total size of construction site:						
 B. Total impervious area (including roof tops) before construction 23 05 (Acres of ft²) C. Total impervious area (including roof tops) after construction 33 05 (Acres of ft²) Calculate percent impervious before construction: B/A = 65 % 						
C. Total impervious area (including roof tops) after construction 370% (Acres of 672) Calculate percent impervious before construction: B/A = 660%						
Calculate percent impervious before construction: B/A =%						
	C. Total impervious area (including roof tops) after construction 320 (Acres of ft²)					
Calculate percent impervious after construction: C/A = /5 %	Calculate percent impervious before construction: B/A =%					

STEP 2. IDENTIFY CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER BMPs

Unprotected construction sites have the potential to discharge sediment and other pollutants into local waterways. All construction projects are required to reduce pollution to the maximum extent practicable by implementing best management practices (BMPs). Sections 67.806 (General Best Management Practice Requirements) and 67.811 (Additional Requirements for Land Disturbance Activities) of the County of San Diego Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) outline the requirements for Construction Stormwater BMPs. There are five categories:

- Erosion control practices
- Velocity reduction
- 3. Sediment control practices
- Offsite sediment tracking control
- General site and materials management

BMPs from each of the five categories must be used together as a system in order to prevent potential discharges.

If you answer "Yes" to any of the questions below, your project is subject to Table I on the following page (Minimum Required Standard Construction Stormwater BMPs). As noted in the table, please select at least the minimum number of required BMPs, or as many as are feasible for your project. If no BMP is selected, an explanation must be given in the box provided. The following questions are intended to aid in determining construction BMP requirements for your project.

1.	Will there be soil disturbing activities that will result in exposed soil areas? (This includes minor grading and trenching.)(1)
	Reference Table I items A, B, D and E
2.	Will there be asphalt paving, including patching?
3.	Will there be slurries from mortar mixing, coring, or concrete saw cutting?
4.	Will there be solid wastes from concrete demolition and removal, wall construction, or form work?
5 .	Will there be stockpiling (soil, compost, asphalt, concrete, solid waste) for over 24 hours?
6.	Will there be dewatering operations?
7.	Will there be temporary on-site storage of construction materials, including mortar mix, raw landscaping and soil stabilization materials, treated lumber, rebar, and plated metal fencing materials?
8.	Will trash or solid waste product be generated from this project?
9.	Will construction equipment be stored on site (e.g.: fuels, oils, trucks, etc.?)
10.	Will Portable Sanitary Services ("Porta-potty") be used on the site?

⁽¹⁾ Soil disturbances NOT considered significant include, but are not limited to, change in use, mechanical/electrical/plumbing activities, signs, temporary trailers, interior remodeling, and minor tenant improvement

· TABLE I. MINIMUM REQUIRED S	TANDARD CON	STRUCTION	N STORMWATER BMPs (1)(2)	
Minimum Required Best Management Practices (BMPs)	CALTRANS Stormwater Handbook Detail	BMP Selected	Each selected BMP must be shown on the Plan. If No BMP is selected, an explanation must be provided.	
A. Select Erosion Control method for Disturbed				
Vegetation Stabilization Planting ⁽³⁾ (Summer)	SS-2 SS-4			
Hydraulic Stabilization Hydroseeding ⁽³⁾ (Summer) Bonded Fiber Matrix or	\$\$-4			
Stabilized Fiber Matrix (4) (Winter) Physical Stabilization	SS-3	00 7		
Erosion Control Blanket ⁽⁴⁾ (Winter)	SS-7	55.7		
B. Select Erosion Control method for Disturbed Flat Area	as (slope < 5%) (Ch	oose at leas	t one)	
County Standard Lot Perimeter Protection Detail	DPLU 659 SC-2,			
Will use erosion control measures from Item A	SS-3,4,7			
County Standard Desilting Basin (must treat all site runoff)	DPLU 660 SC-2	85.8		
Mulch, straw, wood chips, soil application	SS-6 SS-8	99-8		
C. If Runoff or Dewatering Operation is concentrated, vel	locity must be contr	olled using an	energy dissipater	
Energy Dissipater Outlet Protection(5)	SS-10		NA	
D. Select Sediment Control method for all disturbed areas (Choose at least one)				
Silt Fence	SC-1			
Silt Fence	SC-1 SC-5	SC 5		
Bilt Fence Straw Wattles	SC-1			
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags	SC-1 SC-5			
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8			
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2			
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow)	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2	≤C 5		
	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2	≤C 5		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2	≤C 5		
Bilt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at lo	≤C 5		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at le	≤C 5		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at lo	≤C 5		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at lot 10-1 TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7	SC5 east one)		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming F. Select the General Site Management BMPs	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at 16 TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7 for each waste	SC5 east one)		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming F. Select the General Site Management BMPs Materials Management	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at lot 10-1 TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7	SC5 east one)		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming F. Select the General Site Management BMPs Materials Management Material Delivery & Storage	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at lot TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7 for each waste	SC5 east one)		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming F. Select the General Site Management BMPs Materials Management Material Delivery & Storage Spill Prevention and Control	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at letter) TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7 for each waste WM-1 WM-4	SC5 east one) TC3 that will be out		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at lot TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7 for each waste	SC5 east one) TC3 that will be out that will be out the second one)		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming F. Select the General Site Management BMPs Materials Management Material Delivery & Storage Spill Prevention and Control Waste Management	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at letter) TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7 for each waste WM-1 WM-4	SC5 east one) TC3 that will be out		
Silt Fence Straw Wattles Gravel Bags Dewatering Filtration Storm Drain Inlet Protection Engineered Desilting Basin (sized for 10-year flow) E. Select method for preventing offsite tracking of sedim Stabilized Construction Entrance Construction Road Stabilization Entrance/Exit Tire Wash Entrance/Exit Inspection & Cleaning Facility Street Sweeping and Vacuuming F. Select the General Site Management BMPs Materials Management Material Delivery & Storage Spill Prevention and Control Waste Management Concrete Waste Management	SC-1 SC-5 SC-6 & 8 NS-2 SC-10 SC-2 ent (Choose at letter) TC-1 TC-2 TC-3 SC-7 for each waste WM-1 WM-4 WM-8	SC5 east one) TC3 that will be out that will be out the second one)		

STEP 3. IDENTIFY LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT BMPs

WPO Section 67.806(c)(2) requires all development projects, regardless of priority, to implement Low Impact Development (LID) BMPs. The goal of the County of San Diego's LID program is to protect water quality by preserving and mimicking nature through the use of stormwater planning and management techniques on development sites. Table II contains LID planning and management practices which are outlined in detail in the County of San Diego Low Impact Development Handbook. You are required to select a minimum of two LID Planning Practices and at least one LID Management Practice to reduce runoff from your site, and are encouraged to select additional BMPs as applicable.

TABLE II. MINIMUM REQUI	RED LOW I	MPACT DE	VELOPMENT BMPs
Minimum Required Low Impact Development (BMPs)	County LID Handbook Detail	BMP Selected	Each selected BMP must be shown on the Plan. If No BMP is selected, an explanation must be provided.
LID Planning Practices (Reference Section 2.2 of			ook) (Choose at least two)
Conservation of Natural Drainages, Well Drained Soils and Significant Vegetation	2.2.1	2.2.1	
Minimize Disturbances to Natural Drainages (e.g. Creek Setback)	2.2.2	222	
Minimize and Disconnect Impervious Surfaces (e.g. Preservation of existing trees/infiltration basins)	2.2.3		
Minimize Soil Compaction (e.g. Reduce Overall Areas of Soil Disturbance)	2.2.4		
Drain Runoff from Impervious Surfaces to Pervious Areas (e.g. Cluster Development to Preserve Open Space)	2.2.5		
LID Management Practices (Reference Section 3	of the Coun	ty LID Han	dbook) (Choose at least one)
Hydrologic Design (e.g. Infiltration, Biofilters, Vegetated/Rock Swales)	3.1		*
Permeable Pavement Design (e.g. Pervious Concrete, Brick/Natural Stone Pavers, Granular Materials)	3.2		
LID Road Design (e.g. Curb Cuts, Concave Median)	3.3		
LID Parking Lot Design (e.g. Reduce Impervious Surfaces)	3.4		
LID Driveway, Sidewalk and Bike Path Design	3.5		
LID Building Design (e.g. Cisterns, Rain Barrels, Vegetated Roofs)	3.6		
LID Landscaping Design(e.g. Street Trees)	3.7	37	

STEP 4. IDENTIFY POST-CONSTRUCTION (PERMANENT) BMPs

WPO Section 67.806 (c)(1) requires development projects with the potential to add pollutants to stormwater or to affect the flow rate or velocity of stormwater runoff after construction is completed to employ post-construction (permanent) BMPs, as feasible, to ensure that pollutants and runoff from the development are reduced to the maximum extent practicable. Using Table III below, select the post-construction BMPs that will be implemented on your project.

TABLE III. POST-CONSTRUCTION (PERMANENT) BMPs					
Best Management Practices (BMPs)	CASQA Stormwater Handbook	BMP Selected	Each selected BMP must be shown on the Plan. If No BMP is selected, an explanation must be provided.		
Source Control BMPs (Select all that apply)		וו פרוב וויב איים ארב וו			
Implementation of Efficient Irrigation Systems	SD-12				
Storm Drain Stenciling and Posting of Signage	SD-13				
Proper Design of Trash Storage Areas	SD-32				
Proper Design of Outdoor Material Storage Areas	SD-34				
Buffer Zones	Address of the Control of the Contro		1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Design project to include a buffer zone for natural water bodies. Where buffer zones are not feasible, other equally serving methods may be implemented such as trees or access restrictions.	N/A				
Additional Permanent Stormwater BMPs					
Protection of Channel Banks/Manufactured Slopes	SD-10		, ; ; ;		
Outlet Protection (Velocity Dissipation Devices)	EC-10				
Flat Pad Area Coverage (Permanent Landscaping / Groundcover)	SD-10				
Underground Infiltration Trench	TC-10				

EXPLANATION: NONE LISTED IS APPLICABLE

SECTION 5. CERTIFICATION

The applicant must sign the following certification before a Permit will be issued.

I have read and understand that the County of San Diego has adopted minimum requirements for managing urban runoff, including stormwater, from construction and land development activities. I certify that the BMPs selected on this form will be implemented to minimize the potentially negative impacts of this project's construction and land development activities on water quality. I further agree to install, monitor, maintain, or revise the selected BMPs to ensure their effectiveness. I also understand that non-compliance with the County's WPO and Grading Ordinance may result in enforcement by the County, including fines, cease and desist orders, or other actions.

Applicant: Date: 1/23/09

Note<u>s</u>

- 1. Discretionary Permits that may be eligible to use this form include Tentative Parcel Maps, Construction Right of Way Permits, Encroachment Permits or Minor Use Permits. Please be aware that if it is determined during the review process that the permit has the potential to significantly impact water quality after construction, a Major Stormwater Management Plan shall be required.
- 2. In accordance with the Municipal Stormwater Permit that is issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, each construction site with construction stormwater BMP requirements must be designated with a "priority" to determine inspection frequency. The criteria used to determine the stormwater inspection frequency is outlined below. Please note that the County reserves the right to adjust the priority of the projects both before and during construction. Further, the construction priority only establishes the required inspection frequency and does NOT change construction BMP requirements that apply to projects.
 - High Priority Weekly inspections during the rainy season (November 11th through April 30th)
 - a) The project is a single family dwelling located in a new residential subdivision (1014 permit); or,
 - b) The project disturbs one acre or more of soil; AND
 - o Is located within a watershed that is listed as 303(d) impaired for sediment (904.21, 904.31, 904.61) or,
 - o Is located within 200 feet of lands designated with the RARE beneficial use; or,
 - o Is located within 200 feet of lands designated as Areas of Significant Biological Concern (ASBC); or,
 - o Is located within 200 feet of lands designated Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP)
 - Medium Priority Monthly inspections during the rainy season (November 11th through April 30th)
 - a) The project is a DPLU Minor grading permit; or
 - b) The project disturbs an area greater than one acre;
 - Low Priority At least two inspections during the rainy season (November 11th through April 30th)
 - a) The project will disturb soil, and none of the above criteria apply

Stormwater inspections during the dry season are conducted as part of the regular inspection process (e.g. foundation, frame, lath/drywall, etc.).

- 3. If Vegetation Stabilization (Planting or Hydroseeding) is proposed for erosion control it may be installed between May 1st and August 15th. Slope irrigation is in place and to be operable for slopes >3'. Vegetation must be watered <u>and</u> established prior to October 1st. The owner shall implement a contingency physical BMP by October 1st if vegetation establishment does not occur by that date. If landscaping is proposed, erosion control measures must also be used while landscaping is being established. Established vegetation shall have a subsurface mat of intertwined mature roots with a uniform vegetative coverage of 70 percent of the natural vegetative coverage or more on all disturbed areas.
- 4. All slopes over three feet must have established vegetative cover prior to final permit approval.
- 5. Regional Standard Drawing D-40 Rip Rap Energy Dissipater is also acceptable for velocity reduction.
- 6. Not all projects will have every waste identified. The applicant is responsible for identifying wastes that will- be on-site and applying the appropriate BMP. For example, if concrete will be used, BMP WM-8 must be selected.